

What do I already know?

What do I know now?

1

2

3

1) The river Nile was important because...

2) Pyramids were used for...

3) Mummification is...

What I have learnt before:



- To understand how to put people, events and objects in order of when they happened.
- To use a timeline to do this.
- To use different sources as evidence from the past.
- Understand maps and directions using North, South, East and West.

Key Vocabulary:



Words		Definitions
Nile		A river that runs through Egypt. It was essential to life in ancient Egypt.
irrigation		A system of canals or channels dug by the Egyptians to supply water to grow crops over a larger area than the water would naturally reach.
pyramid		A square based, pointed top building built to contain a tomb of an important Egyptian king or queen.
mummification		A process using special processes to remove all moisture from the body, leaving only a dried form that would not easily decay.
pharaoh		A ruler of ancient Egypt.
tomb		A sealed room where a person was placed after death.
hieroglyphics		A writing system that uses pictures and symbols instead of letters and words.
sphinx		A statue of a mythical creature with the head of a human and the body of a lion.

Substantive Threads



Invasion and Conflict



Politics and Leadership



Society and Culture



Trade and Money



1) The River Nile

The Nile was used for:

- growing crops
- water for drinking and washing
- fishing and trade
- mud from the river was used for bricks and papyrus plants was used to make paper.



Akhet was the time of year that land around the Nile flooded. The water replenished nutrients in the soil and helped to grow crops.



The Nile measures 6,650km long!

2) Egyptian Pyramids

Pyramids were built as monuments to house the tombs of the pharaohs (king or queen).



A Sphinx is a statue of a mythical creature that was placed outside tombs and temples to guard its mysteries.



Tutankhamun became pharaoh when he was 9 years old.



His tomb was discovered in 1922.

3) Mummification

Mummification was a process used to prepare a body for the afterlife.



Anubis was the God of mummification.

Canopic jars were made to contain the organs removed from the body.



Hieroglyphics were used to write on tombs.

Ancient Egypt 3100BC – 332BC

